

A photograph of a building with a dome, likely a university building, silhouetted against a bright sunset. The sun is low on the horizon, creating a strong lens flare effect. The sky is a mix of orange and red. In the foreground, there are dark silhouettes of trees and leaves.

Information Security

BCUG

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UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA-LINCOLN

Rene Mayo-Rejai

IT Auditor

Operations Analysis

OA.UNL.EDU

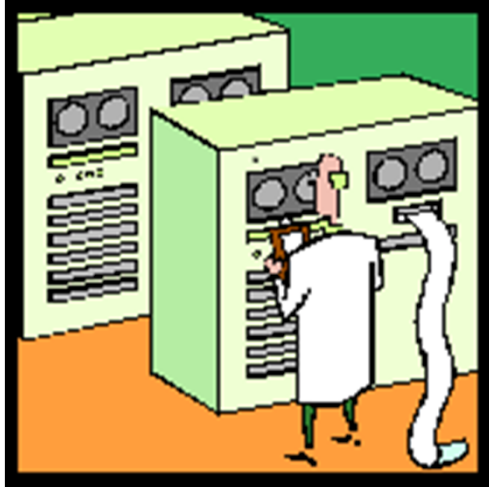


What is Information Security?

The Practice of protecting information and information systems from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, perusal, inspection, recording or destruction regardless of form (electronic, physical, etc...)



Information Security 10 Years ago



Computer
Rooms



Desk



Physical
Computers



Information Security Now



Information Security Focus

- Physical
 - Computer Rooms
 - Offices
 - Workstations
 - Mobile Devices
 - Sensory (Visual, Hearing)
- Logical
 - User IDs/Passwords
 - Appropriate Access
 - Email



Regulations and Policies

- FERPA (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act)
- PCI (Payment Card Industry)
- PII (Personally Identifiable Information)
- Digital Millennium Copyright Act of 1998
- University of Nebraska Executive Memorandum 16 (Policy for Responsible Use)
- University of Nebraska Executive Memorandum 26 – Gramm Leach Bliley Compliance (Safeguards to Protect Covered Data and Information)



Information Impacted

- Original Source
 - Campus Mainframe
 - Campus Servers (Department Applications)
 - Departmental Workstations (sensory)
- Downloaded Data (Databases, Spreadsheets, Reports)
 - Departmental Servers
 - Departmental Workstations (sensory and hard drive)
- Email
 - Body of Email
 - Attachments containing Data



Ways to Protect Information

- Work with Minimum Required for Job
 - Risk Reduction
- User ID/Passwords
- Server Physical Location
- Screen Position – Screen Locking
- Security of Mobil Devices with Access (Email and Network)
- Data Storage Considerations
 - Workstation vs. Server
 - Data Classification



Ways to Protect Information

- VPN on Non-Secure Wireless Connections
- Verbal discussion of Protected Data
 - Phones, Hallways, Break Areas
- Review Business Processes
 - Employee Checklist
 - Application and Network Access Removal
- Education



Training Available at UNL

- SANS Security Awareness Training
 - 32 Modules each are 2-5 minutes in Length
 - Security.unl.edu/video-training
 - Complete the Request Access form
 - More Information on Modules:
<https://www.securingthehuman.org/media/resources/pdfs/security-awareness-brochure.pdf>





Language

English

[Change Password>](#)

[Manual>](#)

[Contact Support](#)

You have completed
32 of 32 modules

[Back to Library](#)



Introduction

Completed



You Are The Target

Completed



Social Engineering

Completed



Email and IM

Completed



Browsing

Completed



Social Networking

Completed



Mobile Devices

Completed



Passwords

Completed



Encryption

Completed



Data Protection

Completed



Data Destruction

Completed



Wi-Fi Security

Completed



Working Remotely

Completed



Insider Threat

Completed



Help Desk

Completed



IT Staff

Completed



Physical Security

Completed



Protecting Your
Personal Computer

Completed



Protecting Your Home
Network

Completed



Protecting Your Kids
Online

Completed



Hacked

Completed



Senior Leadership

Completed



PCI DSS

Completed



FERPA

Completed



HIPAA

Completed



PII

Completed



Criminal Justice

Completed



Federal Tax
Information

Completed



Gramm Leach Bliley -
EDU

Completed



Gramm Leach Bliley -
FIN

Completed



Ethics

Completed



END

Completed



Security Awareness Modules

MODULE: You Are A Target **TIME:** 2:09 minutes



Employees often believe they are not a target, exposing your organization to tremendous risk. This module addresses that misconception by explaining how they are under attack and why. In addition, we explain that this training will not only protect them at work but at home. This engages people, helping ensure the success of your organization's security awareness program.

MODULE: Social Engineering **TIME:** 3:03 minutes



Many of today's most common cyber attacks are based on social engineering. As such, we explain what social engineering is, how attackers fool people and what to look out for. We then demonstrate several common social engineering attacks, including a non-technical and technical example. We finish how people can detect these attacks and how to respond to them.

MODULE: Email & Instant Messaging **TIME:** 5:30 minutes



One of the primary means of attacks and exploitation is through email. Email is used for both simple, large scale attacks and more targeted spear phishing attacks. We explain how these attacks work, including recent examples of phishing, spear phishing, malicious attachments and links, and scams. We then explain how to detect these attacks, how to respond to them, and how to use both email and IM securely.

MODULE: Browsing **TIME:** 3:10 minutes



The browser has become the gateway to the Internet; it is the primary tool that employees use for online activity. As such, browsers (and their plugins) have become a common target for attackers. We teach people about these attacks and how to browse safely, including keeping the browser and plugins updated, avoiding bad neighborhoods, and being careful of and scanning what they download.

MODULE: Social Networking **TIME:** 5:04 minutes



Sites such as Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn have exploded in popularity, with employees and managers sharing all sorts of private information, not only about themselves but about their work. Cyber attackers know this and use this information for identity theft, spreading malware, scams and even targeted attacks. We discuss these risks and the steps your employees can take to protect themselves and your organization.

MODULE: Mobile Device Security **TIME:** 3:25 minutes



Today's mobile devices are extremely powerful, including tablets and smartphones. In most cases these devices have the same functionality, complexity and risks of a computer, but with the additional risk of being highly mobile and easy to lose. We cover how to use mobile devices safely and how to protect the data on them.

Information Security Management

- Ongoing – business and technology changes
- Minimize Risks
 - Likelihood of something bad happening
- Minimize Vulnerabilities
 - Weakness to information asset
- Minimize Threats
 - Manmade potential to cause harm



**WHAT CAN YOU DO TO HELP
PROTECT UNIVERSITY
INFORMATION?**



Thank You!

Rene Mayo-Rejai
IT Auditor
RMayoRejai2@unl.edu
472-6288

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Lincoln